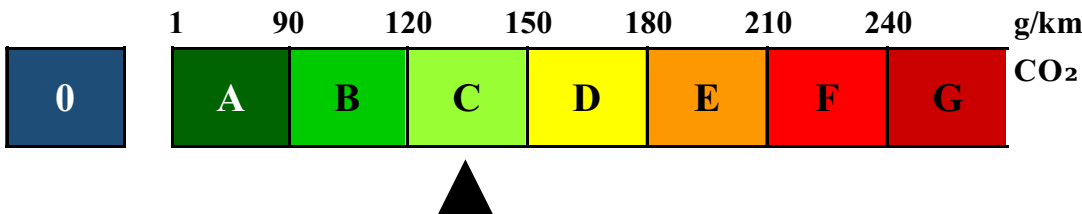


Fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission of passenger cars	
Marke Model Version Fuel Getriebe NOx emission (g/km)	MG ZS 1.5i 115 Comfort + Leather + GPS + 360Cam + Heated Seats + LED Benzin Schaltgetriebe 22.1
Fuel consumption measured according to official test cycle CO₂ emission measured according to official test cycle CO ₂ is the greenhouse gas that plays the most important role in global climate change.	6.5 l/100km 145 g/km
CO₂ emission compared to the average of all models (with the average being 139g/km CO ₂)	
 The diagram shows a horizontal scale of CO₂ emissions in g/km. The scale starts at 0 and increases in increments of 30 up to 240. The scale is divided into eight color-coded categories: 0 (dark blue), 1-90 (dark green), 90-120 (green), 120-150 (light green), 150-180 (yellow), 180-210 (orange), 210-240 (red), and 240+ (dark red). A black triangle points to the value 139, which is located between the 120-150 (category C) and 150-180 (category D) ranges.	
Year of application Test procedure	2019 WLTP
A guide to fuel consumption and CO₂ emission with data for all models of new passenger cars is available on the website "energieverrekeners", www.schoneauto.be. In addition to the fuel efficiency of a car, driving behaviour and other non-technical factors also determine the fuel consumption and CO₂ emission of a car. Regular and good maintenance of the car in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions also promotes a reduction in fuel consumption and CO₂ emission. See the Royal Decree of 5 September 2001.	