

Fuel consumption and CO₂ emission of passenger cars	
Marke Model Version Fuel Getriebe NOx emission (g/km)	Volvo XC60 2.0 T6 PHEV 350 EV Range 80km AWD Bright Pano Camera PLHYBRIDEB Automatik 6.4
Fuel consumption measured according to official test cycle CO₂ emission measured according to official test cycle CO ₂ is the greenhouse gas that plays the most important role in global climate change.	0.9 l/100km 22 g/km
CO₂ emission compared to the average of all models (with the average being 139g/km CO ₂)	
The diagram shows a horizontal scale for CO₂ emissions in g/km. It starts with a blue box labeled '0' on the left. To its right is a series of eight colored boxes labeled A through G. Above these boxes are numerical markers: 1, 90, 120, 150, 180, 210, and 240. The 'A' box is dark green and has a black triangle pointing to its bottom center. The 'B' box is green, 'C' is light green, 'D' is yellow, 'E' is orange, 'F' is red, and 'G' is dark red. The unit 'g/km CO₂' is written at the far right of the scale.	
Year of application Test procedure	2019 WLTP
A guide to fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission with data for all models of new passenger cars is available on the website "energieverters", www.schoneauto.be . In addition to the fuel efficiency of a car, driving behaviour and other non-technical factors also determine the fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission of a car. Regular and good maintenance of the car in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions also promotes a reduction in fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission. See the Royal Decree of 5 September 2001.	