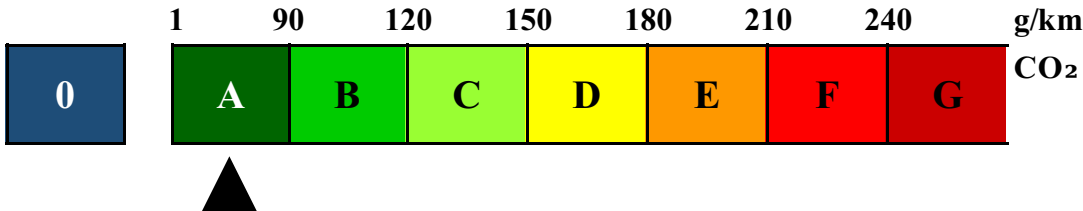


Fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission of passenger cars	
Make Model Version Fuel Gearbox NOx emission (g/km)	MG EHS 1.5 T-GDi 258 PHEV 43G/KM Comfort + Leather + GPS + LED PLHYBRIDEB Automatic 0
Fuel consumption measured according to official test cycle CO₂ emission measured according to official test cycle CO ₂ is the greenhouse gas that plays the most important role in global climate change.	0 l/100km 43 g/km
CO₂ emission compared to the average of all models (with the average being 139g/km CO ₂)	
 The diagram shows a horizontal scale for CO₂ emissions in g/km. It starts with a blue box labeled '0' on the left. To its right is a series of eight colored boxes labeled A through G. Above these boxes are numerical markers: 1, 90, 120, 150, 180, 210, and 240. The colors transition from dark green for 'A', through lighter greens for 'B' and 'C', to yellow for 'D', orange for 'E', and red for 'F' and 'G'. A black triangle points upwards to the 'A' category.	
Year of application Test procedure	2019 WLTP
A guide to fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission with data for all models of new passenger cars is available on the website "energieverrekeners", www.schoneauto.be . In addition to the fuel efficiency of a car, driving behaviour and other non-technical factors also determine the fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission of a car. Regular and good maintenance of the car in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions also promotes a reduction in fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission. See the Royal Decree of 5 September 2001.	