

Fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission of passenger cars	
Make Model Version Fuel Gearbox NOx emission (g/km)	MG HS 1.5 T-GDi 170 AT Luxury + Leather + 360Cam + LED + ALU19 Petrol Automatic 0
Fuel consumption measured according to official test cycle CO₂ emission measured according to official test cycle CO ₂ is the greenhouse gas that plays the most important role in global climate change.	0 l/100km 173 g/km
CO₂ emission compared to the average of all models (with the average being 139g/km CO ₂)	
<p>The diagram shows a horizontal scale for CO₂ emissions in g/km. It starts at 0 (dark blue box) and increases in increments of 30 up to 240. The boxes are color-coded: 0-90 (dark blue), 90-120 (green), 120-150 (light green), 150-180 (yellow), 180-210 (orange), 210-240 (red), and 240+ (dark red). The categories are labeled A through G above the boxes. A black triangle points upwards to the scale at the 139 g/km mark, which is located between the yellow (D) and orange (E) boxes.</p>	
Year of application Test procedure	2019 WLTP
A guide to fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission with data for all models of new passenger cars is available on the website "energieverrekeners", www.schoneauto.be . In addition to the fuel efficiency of a car, driving behaviour and other non-technical factors also determine the fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission of a car. Regular and good maintenance of the car in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions also promotes a reduction in fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission. See the Royal Decree of 5 September 2001.	