

Fuel consumption and CO₂ emission of passenger cars		
Make Model Version Fuel Gearbox NOx emission (g/km)	Hyundai Tucson 1.6 T-GDi 160 DCT N-Line +Virtual + GPS + LED + ALU19 Petrol Automatic 20	
Fuel consumption measured according to official test cycle CO₂ emission measured according to official test cycle CO ₂ is the greenhouse gas that plays the most important role in global climate change.	6.4 l/100km 146 g/km	
CO₂ emission compared to the average of all models (with the average being 139g/km CO₂) The chart displays a scale from 0 to 240 g/km CO₂ in increments of 30. The categories are: 0 (dark blue), 1-90 (dark green, A), 90-120 (green, B), 120-150 (light green, C), 150-180 (yellow, D), 180-210 (orange, E), 210-240 (red, F), and 240+ (dark red, G). A black triangle points to the 139 g/km mark, which is located within the 120-150 g/km range (class C).		
Year of application Test procedure	2019 WLTP	
A guide to fuel consumption and CO₂ emission with data for all models of new passenger cars is available on the website "energieverrekeners", www.schoneauto.be. In addition to the fuel efficiency of a car, driving behaviour and other non-technical factors also determine the fuel consumption and CO₂ emission of a car. Regular and good maintenance of the car in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions also promotes a reduction in fuel consumption and CO₂ emission. See the Royal Decree of 5 September 2001.		