

Fuel consumption and CO₂ emission of passenger cars	
Make Model Version Fuel Gearbox NOx emission (g/km)	MG HS PHEV 258 Luxury 100 KM EV Leather 360Cam GPS LED ALU19 Plug-in hybrid Petrol Automatic 14.8
Fuel consumption measured according to official test cycle CO₂ emission measured according to official test cycle CO ₂ is the greenhouse gas that plays the most important role in global climate change.	0.5 l/100km 46 g/km
CO₂ emission compared to the average of all models (with the average being 139g/km CO ₂)	
The diagram shows a horizontal scale for CO₂ emissions in g/km. It starts with a blue box labeled '0' on the left. To its right is a series of eight colored boxes labeled A through G, each with a numerical range above it: A (1-90, dark green), B (90-120, green), C (120-150, light green), D (150-180, yellow), E (180-210, orange), F (210-240, red), and G (240+, dark red). A black triangle points upwards to the 'A' category.	
Year of application Test procedure	2019 WLTP
A guide to fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission with data for all models of new passenger cars is available on the website "energieverrekeners", www.schoneauto.be . In addition to the fuel efficiency of a car, driving behaviour and other non-technical factors also determine the fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission of a car. Regular and good maintenance of the car in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions also promotes a reduction in fuel consumption and CO ₂ emission. See the Royal Decree of 5 September 2001.	